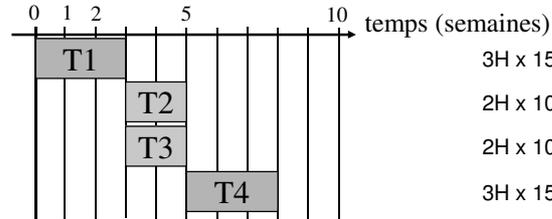
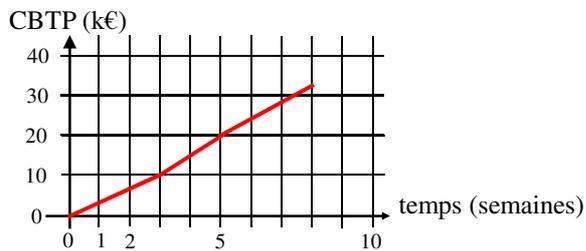


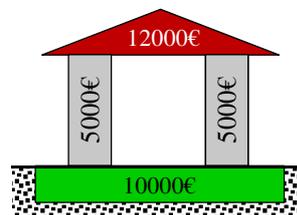
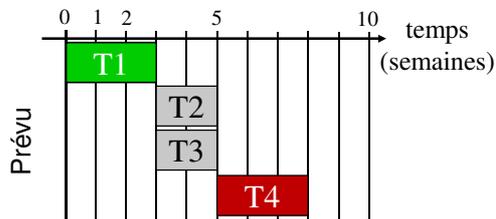
Diagramme de Gantt et CBTP

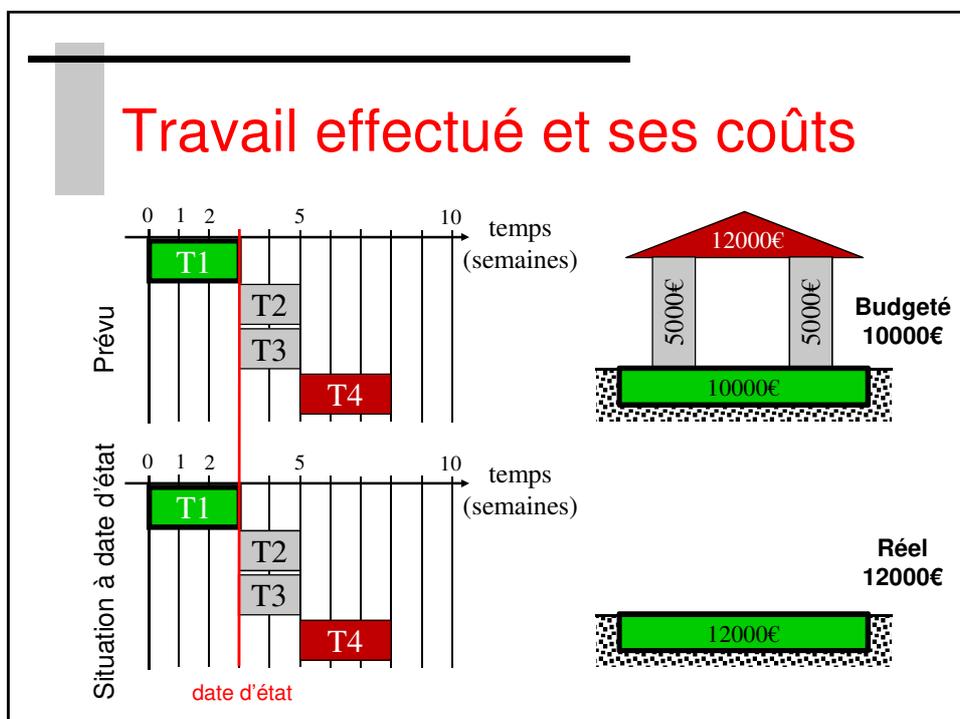
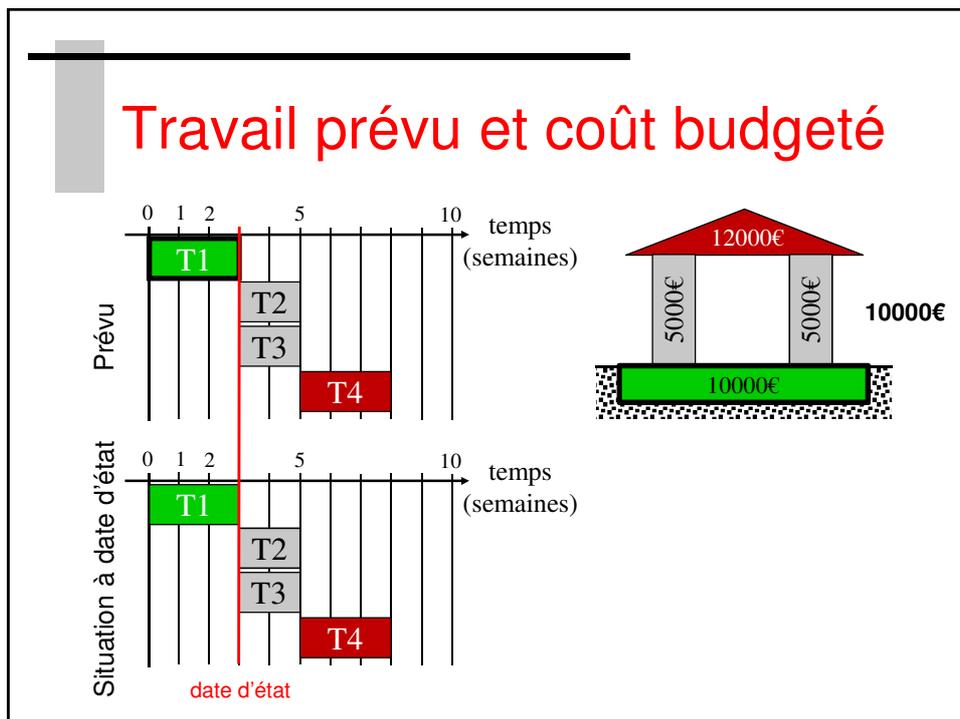


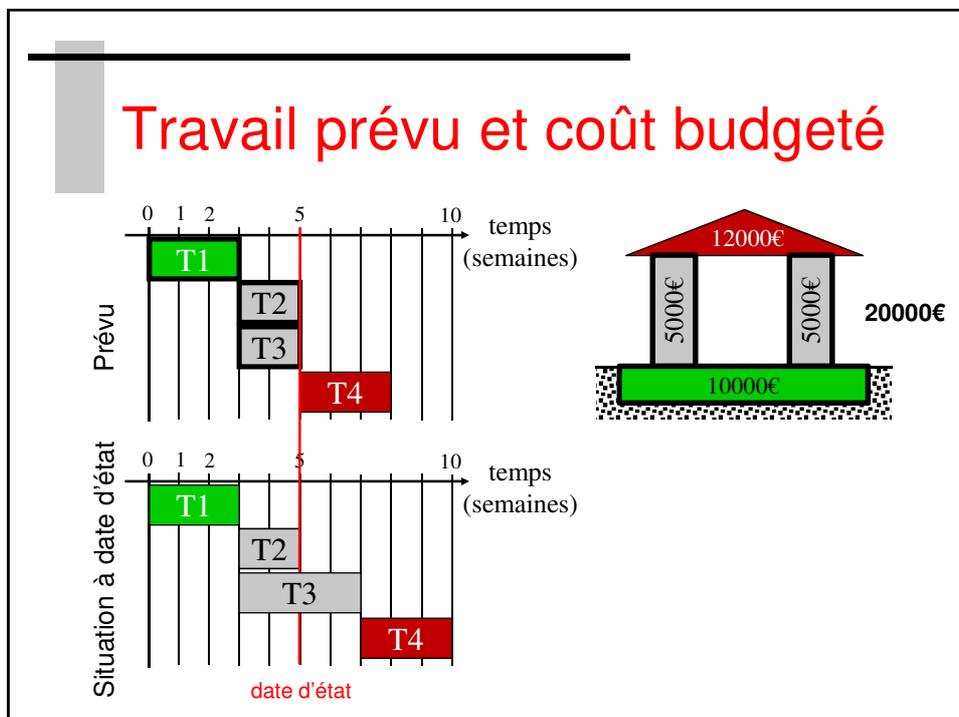
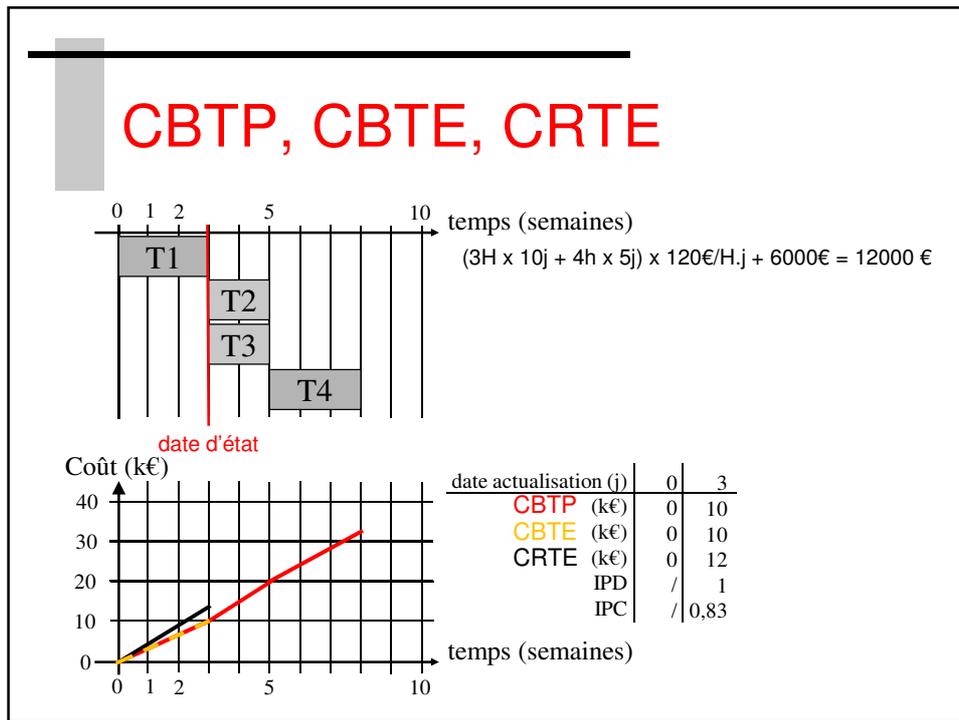
$$\begin{aligned}
 3H \times 15j \times 120\text{€}/H.j + 4600\text{€} &= 10000 \text{ €} \\
 2H \times 10j \times 120\text{€}/H.j + 2600\text{€} &= 5000 \text{ €} \\
 2H \times 10j \times 120\text{€}/H.j + 2600\text{€} &= 5000 \text{ €} \\
 3H \times 15j \times 140\text{€}/H.j + 5700\text{€} &= 12000 \text{ €} \\
 \hline
 &= 32000 \text{ €}
 \end{aligned}$$

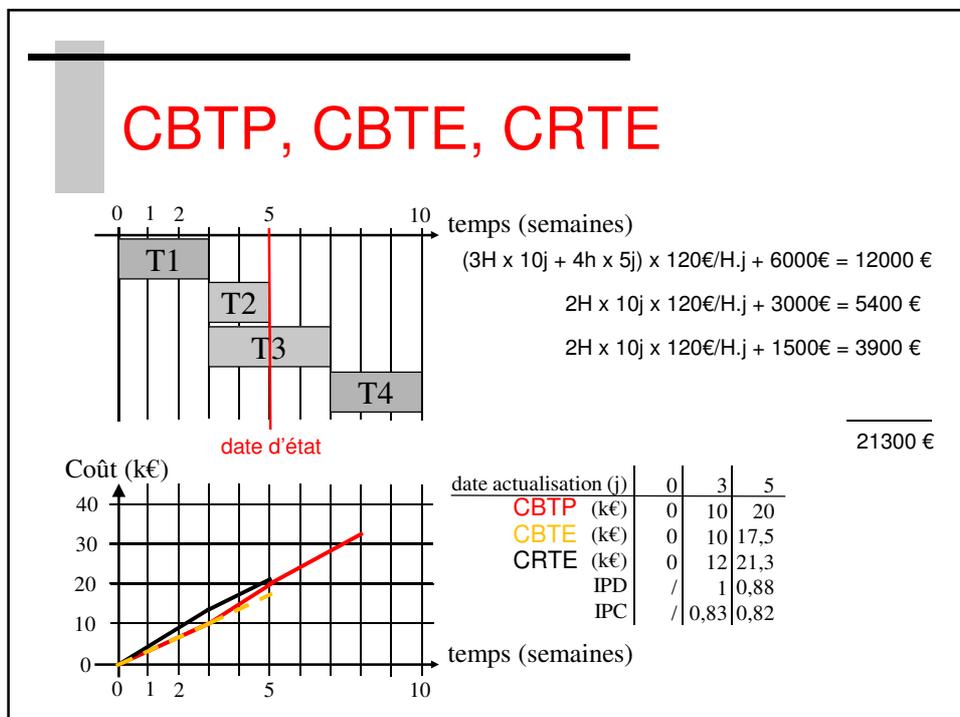
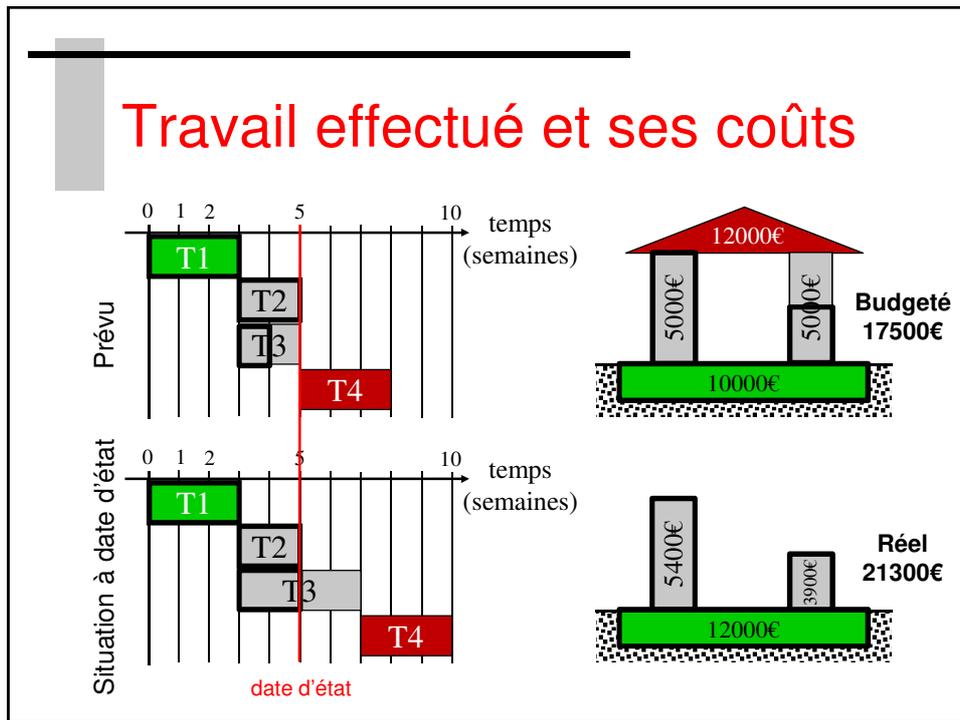


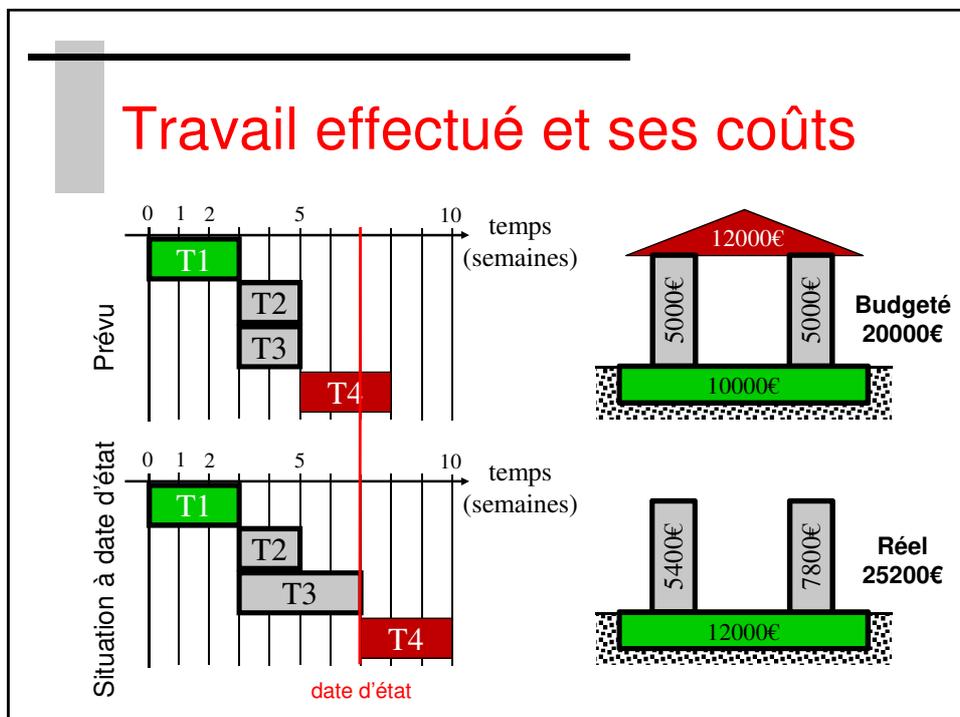
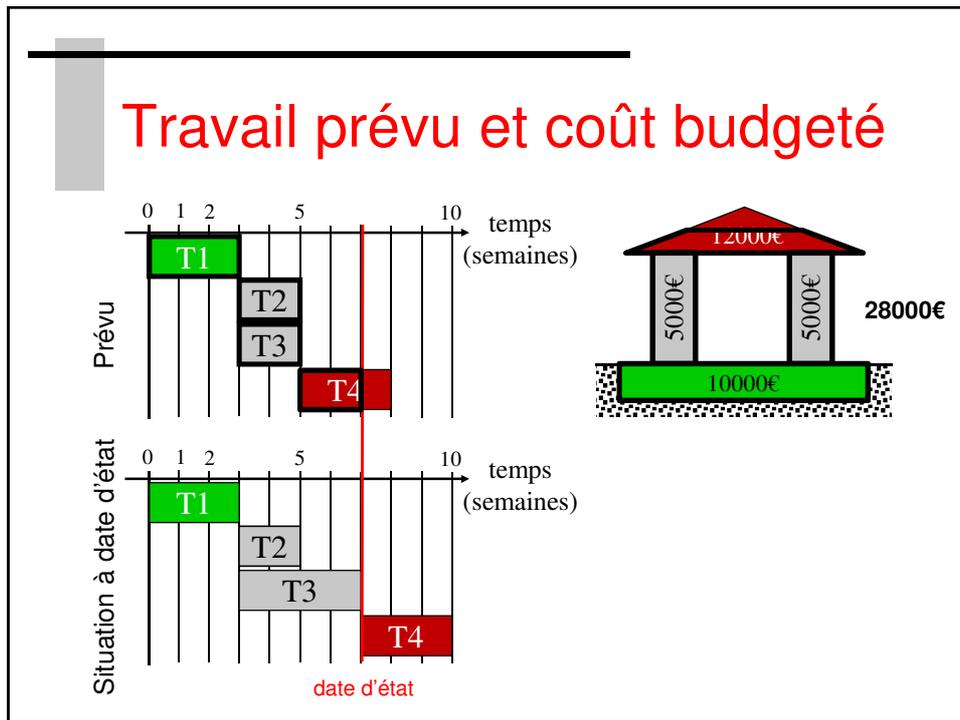
Visions calendaire et opérationnelle

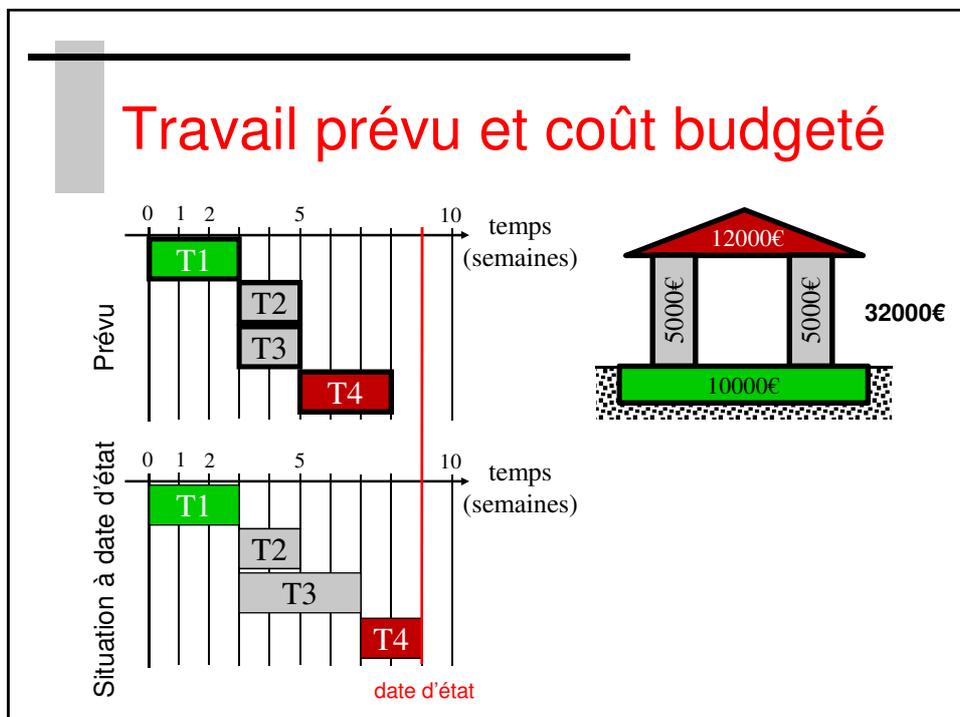
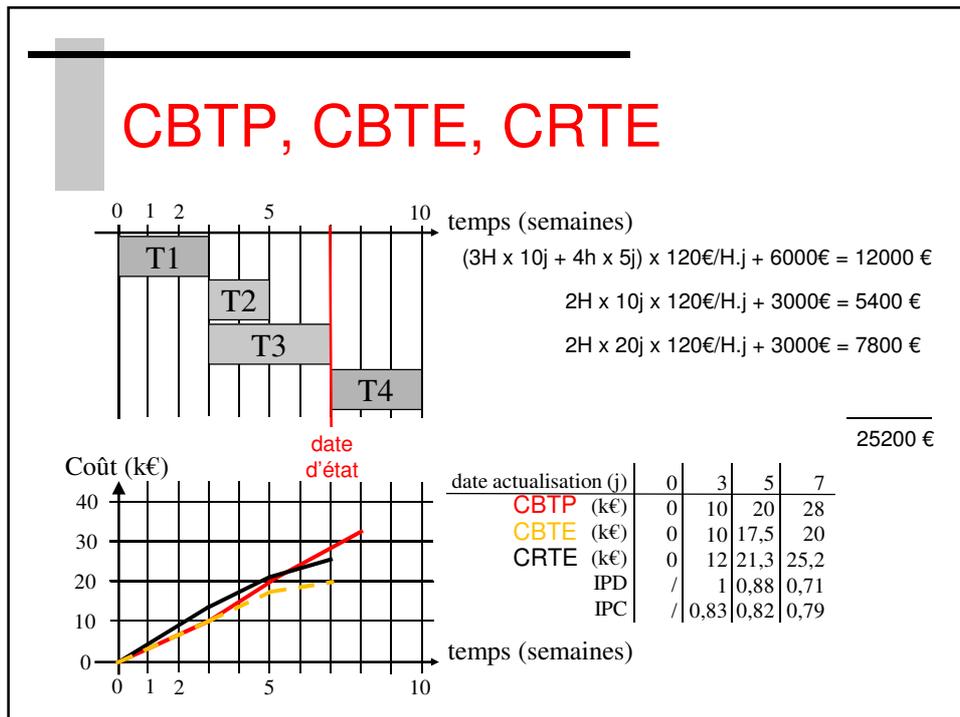


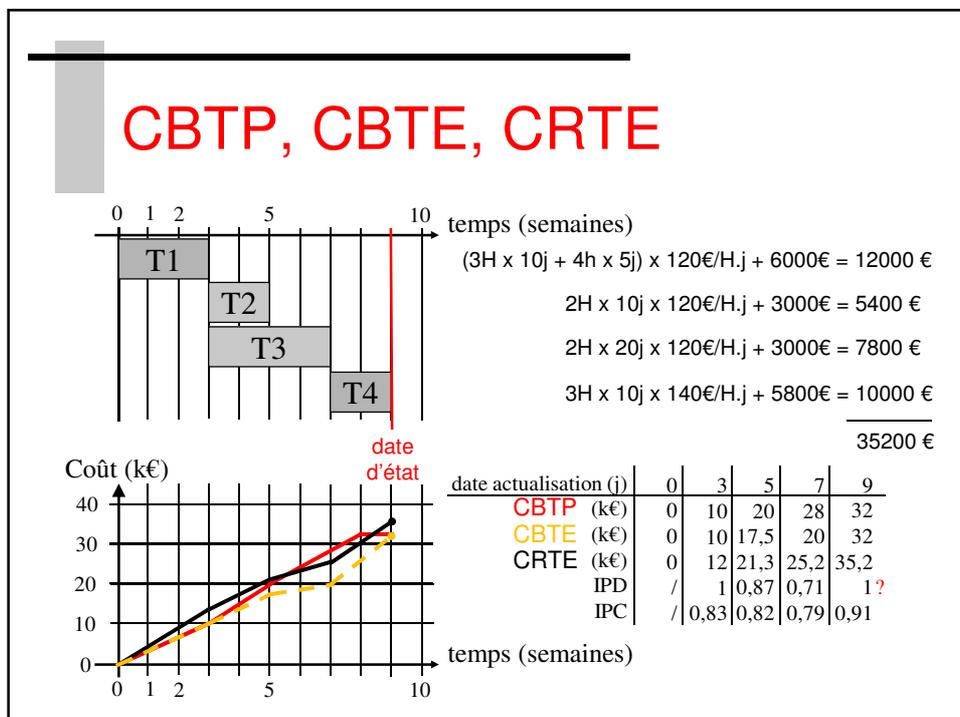
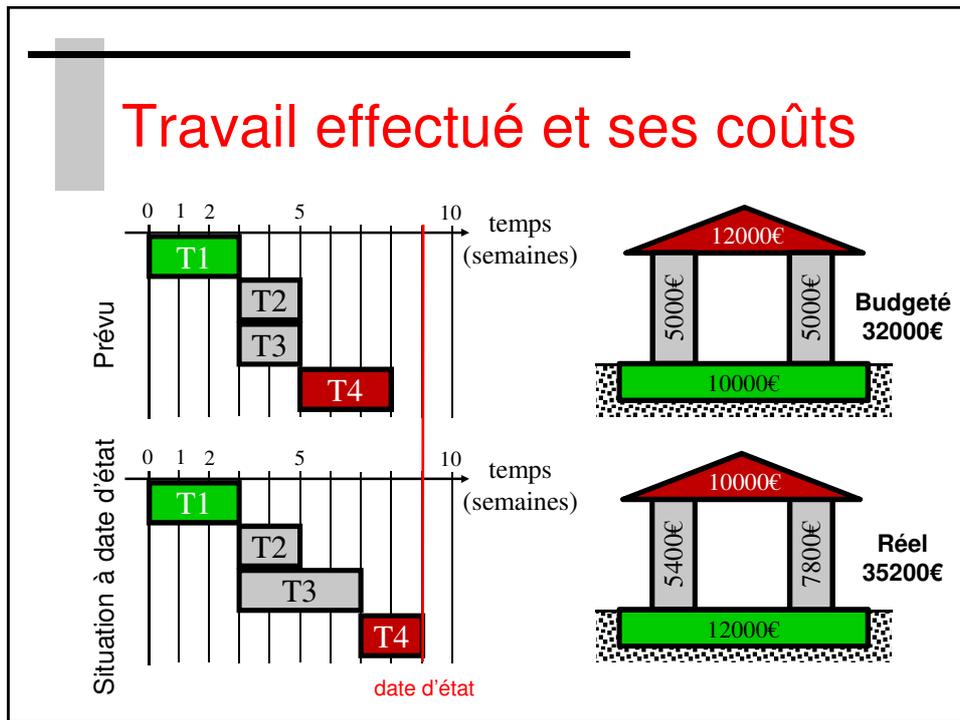








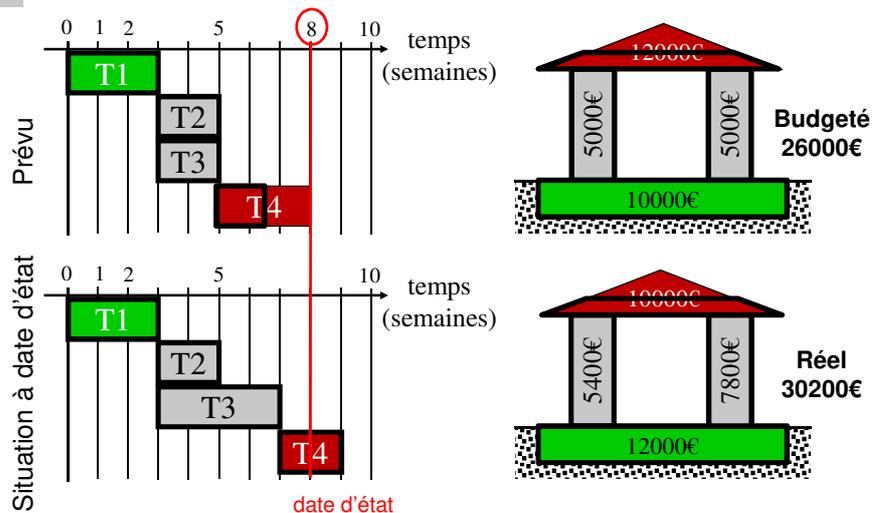




Performance à la date 9

- ◆ Efficacité (Schedule Performance Index)
 $= \text{CBTE} / \text{CBTP} = 32 / 32 = 1$
 dans les temps ? **!\ validité entre 0 et 8**
- ◆ Efficience (Cost Performance Index)
 $= \text{CBTE} / \text{CRTE} = 32 / 35,2 = 0,91$
 dépassement du budget

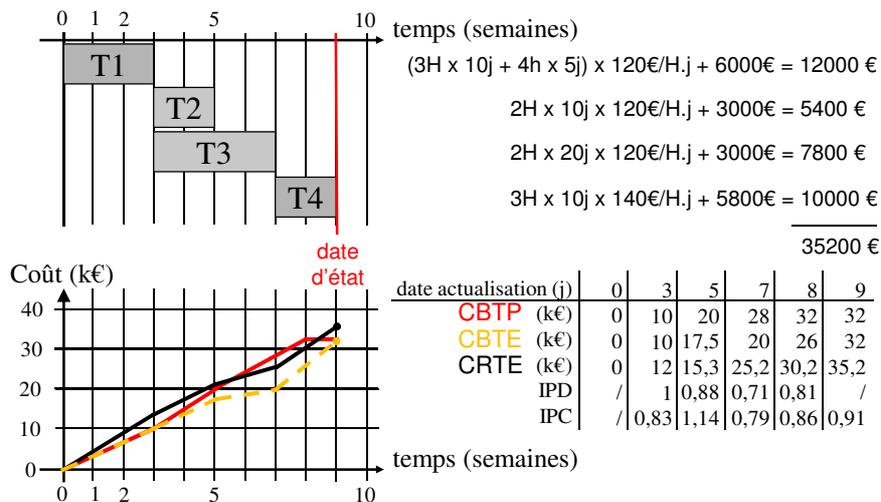
Travail effectué et ses coûts



Performance à la date 8

- ◆ Efficacité (Schedule Performance Index)
= CBTE / CBTP = 26 / 32 = 0,81
en retard
- ◆ Efficience (Cost Performance Index)
= CBTE / CRTE = 26 / 30,2 = 0,86
dépassement du budget

CBTP, CBTE, CRTE



IPD et IPC

date actualisation (semaines)	0	3	5	7	8	9
CBTP (k€)	0	10	20	28	32	32
CBTE (k€)	0	10	17,5	20	26	32
CRTE (k€)	0	12	15,3	25,2	30,2	35,2
IPD	/	1	0,88	0,71	0,81	/
IPC	/	0,83	1,14	0,79	0,86	0,91

Graphe de tendance coût-délai

